



INTEGRATING TIME SERIES REMOTE SENSING INFORMATION IN SUITABILITY ANALYSIS FOR LAND USE PLANNING

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SERVIR



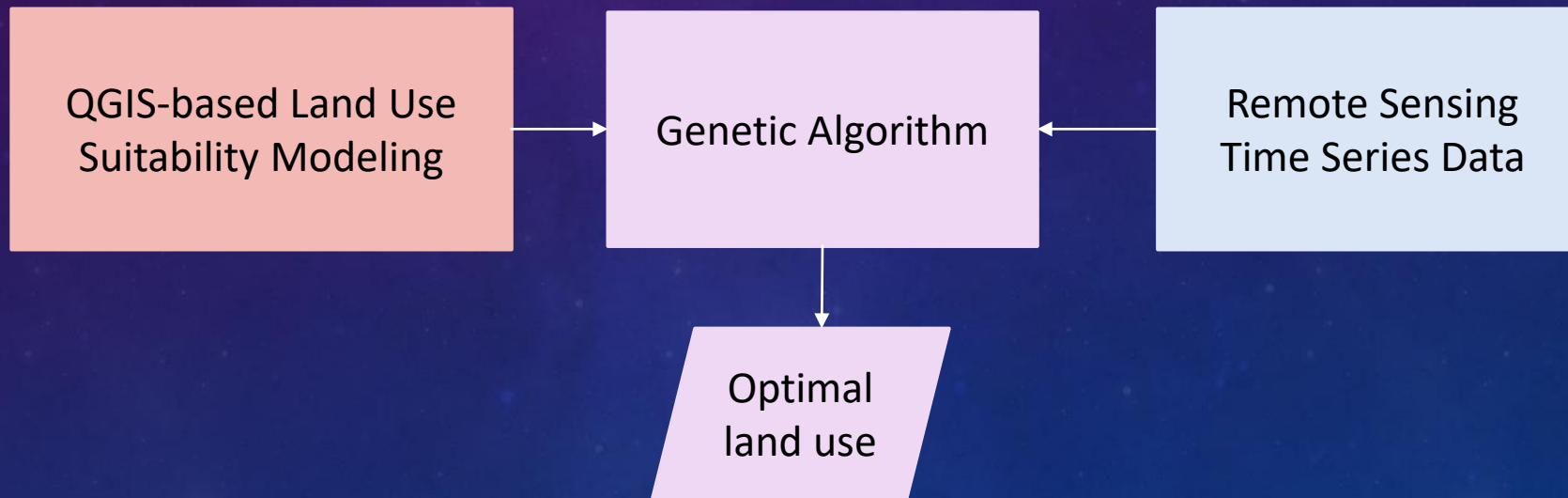
INTRODUCTION

- Rapid urbanization
 - Causes
 - Implications
- Suitability in Land use planning (LUP)
 - Conflict
- Remote sensing applications



GOAL

The **goal** of this study was to understand the integration of remote sensing and suitability analyses to inform LUP decisions.



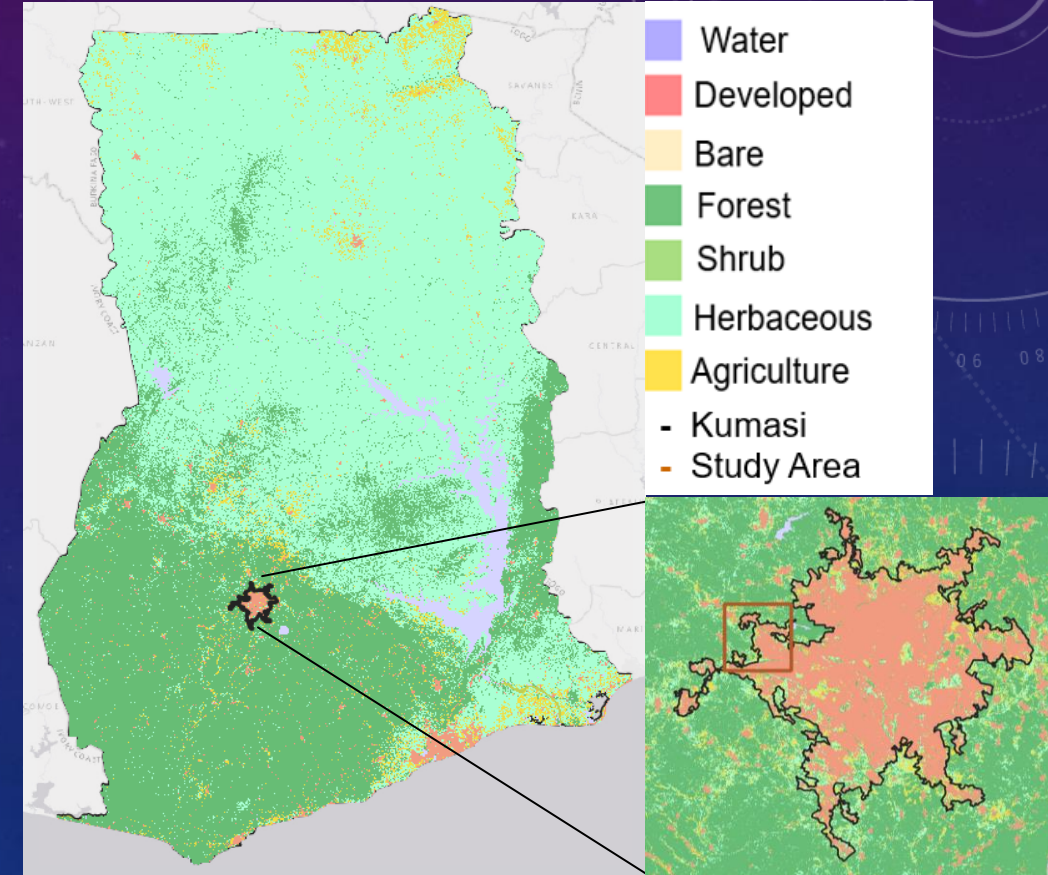
STUDY AREA AND DATASETS

Kumasi

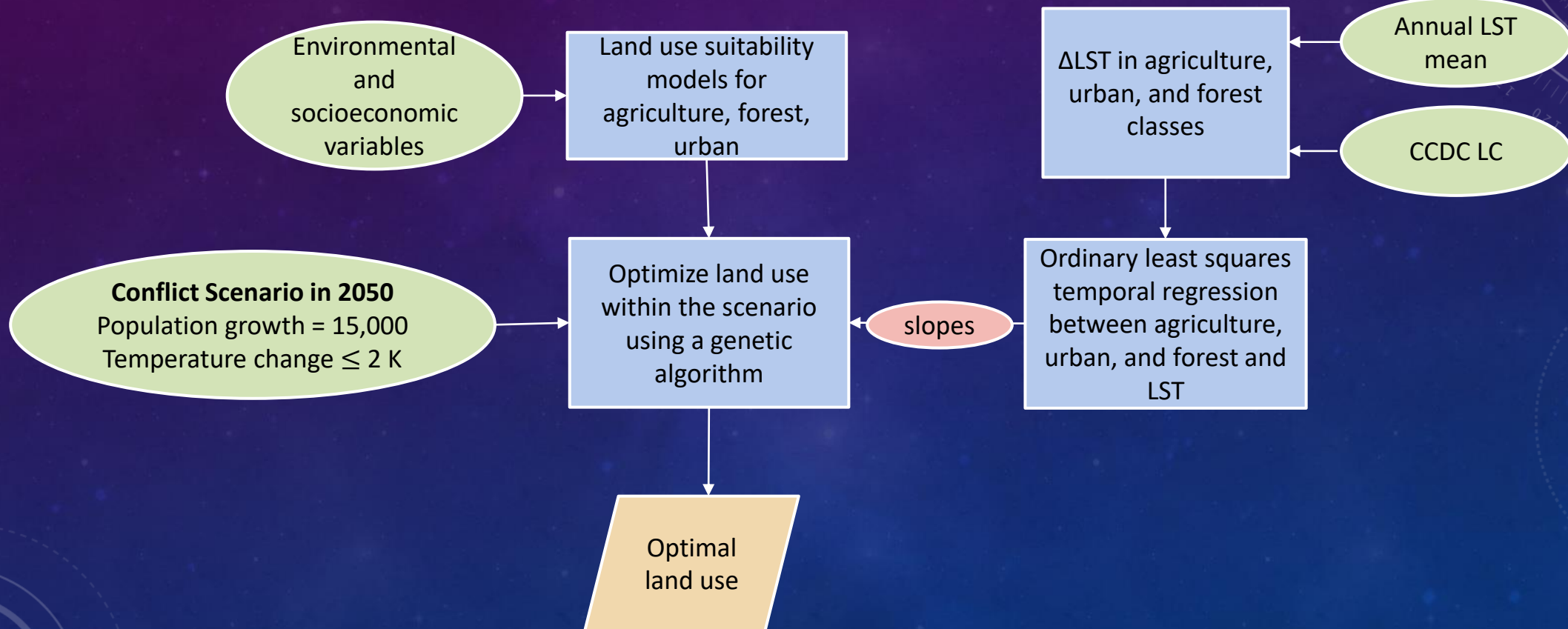
- **Time period:** 2000-2019
- **Population:** 3.6 million [5]
- **Resolution:** 250m
- **Classes of Interest:** Agriculture, Forest, Urban

Datasets

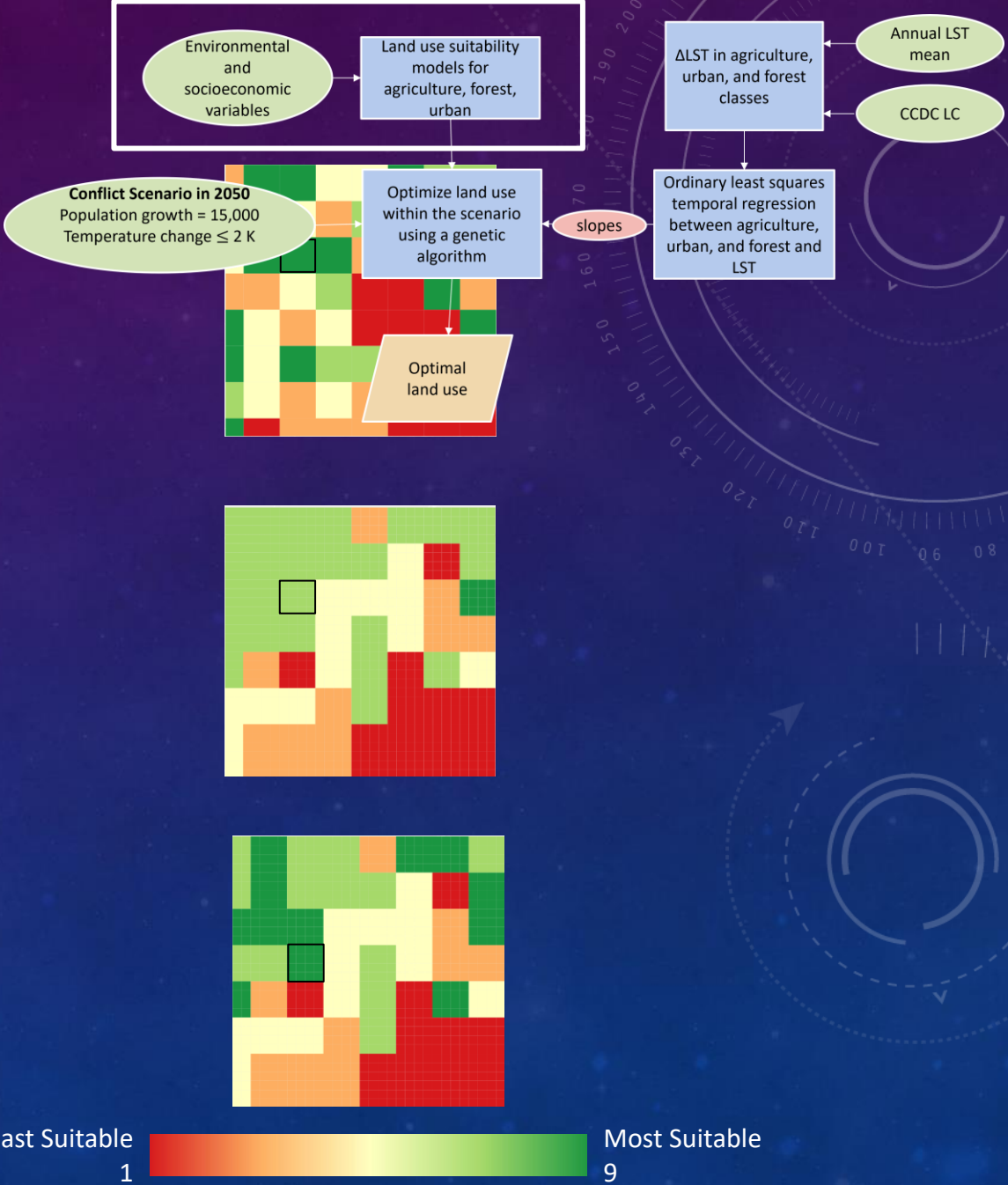
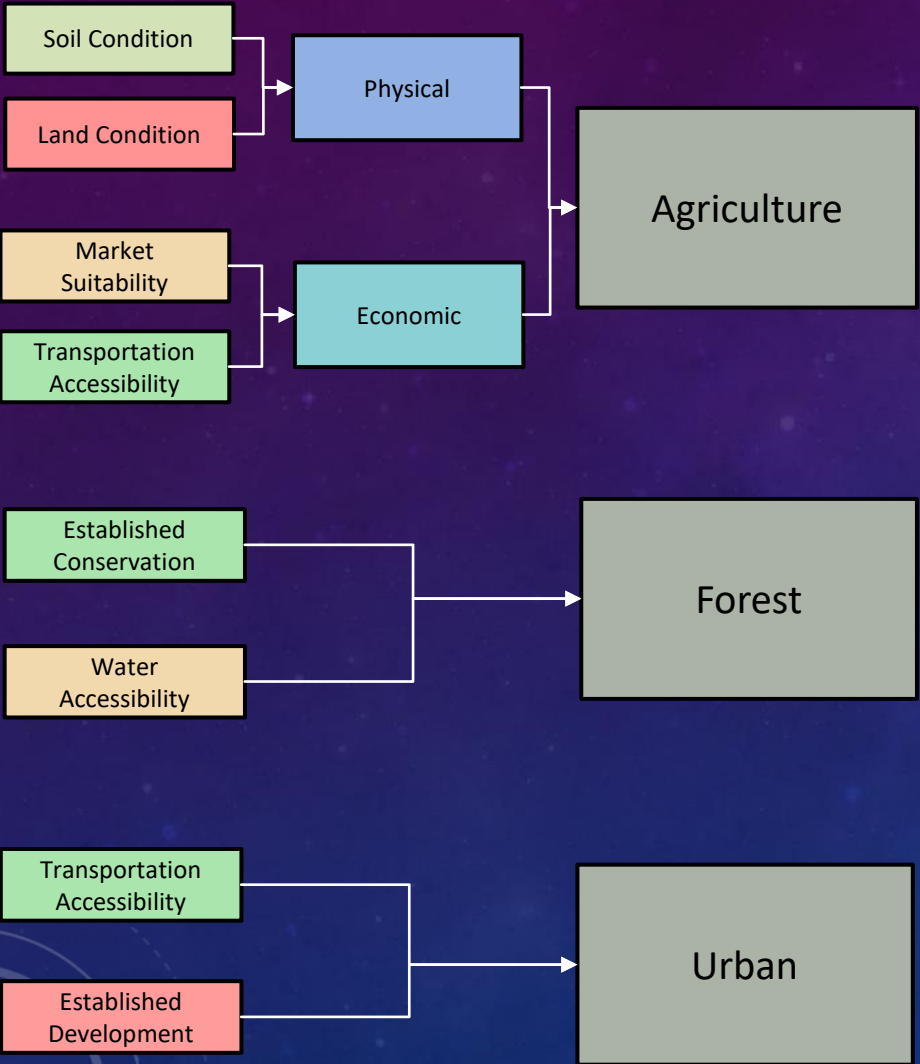
- MODIS land surface temperature (LST)
- GJanCE land cover (LC)
- Soil condition
- Conservation
- Development



INTEGRATION OF REMOTE SENSING WITH SUITABILITY ANALYSIS



LAND USE SUITABILITY MODELS



LAND USE CONFLICT



A	F	U
7	4	7

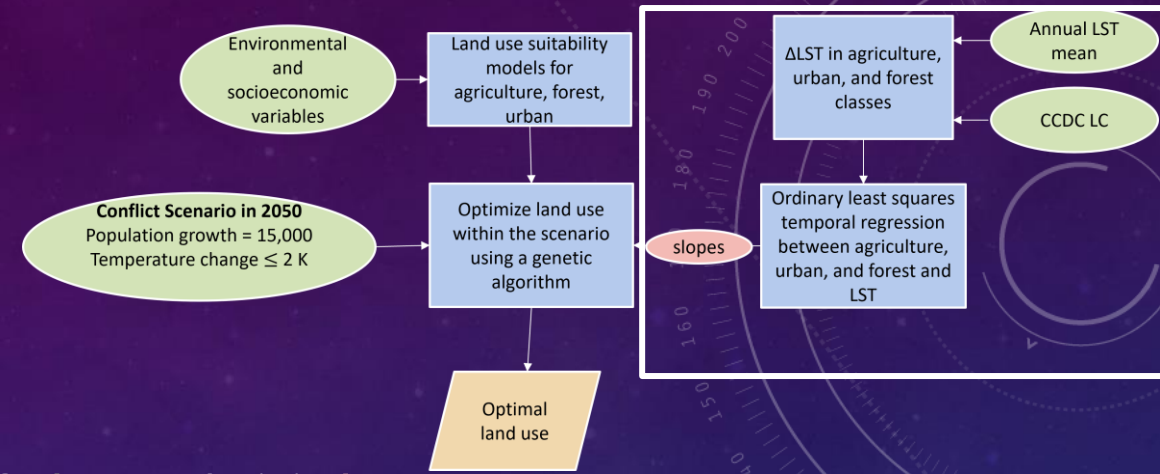
Suitability values

3	2	3
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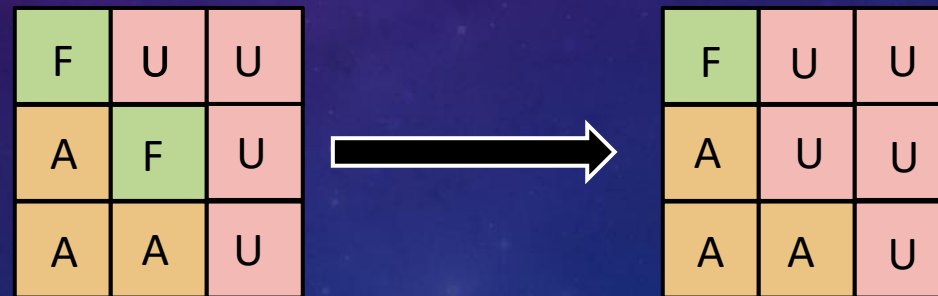
Land use preferences: low
(1), medium (2), high (3)

$$\text{Conflict} = \text{norm} * \text{frequency} = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2 + 3^2} * 2 = 9.38$$

ORDINARY LEAST SQUARES (OLS) REGRESSION

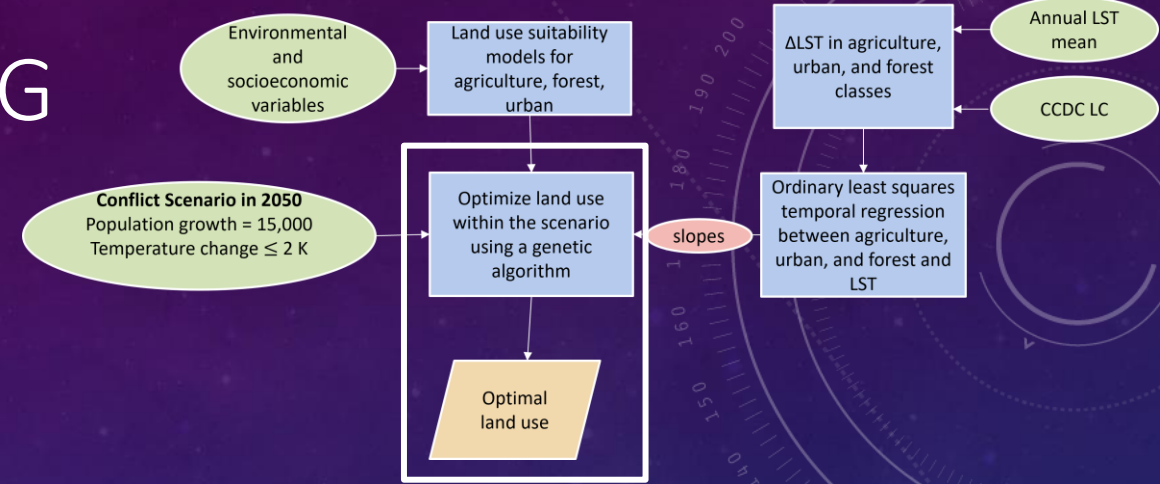


$$\Delta LST = 0.06 \Delta A - 0.03 \Delta F + 0.11 \Delta U$$



$$\Delta LST = 0.06(0) - 0.03(-1) + 0.11(1) = 0.41 \text{ K}$$

INTEGRATION OF REMOTE SENSING AND LAND USE SUITABILITY



Optimize the conflict using 5,000 iterations of a genetic algorithm to minimize the total fitness.

$$conflict\ fitness = \left(\frac{conflict - \min\ conflict}{\max\ conflict - \min\ conflict} \right)^4$$

$$temperature\ fitness = (target\ \Delta LST - \Delta LST)^2$$

$$population\ fitness = (target\ \#\ urban\ pixels - \#\ urban\ pixels)^2$$



	A	F	U
Suitability values	7	4	7

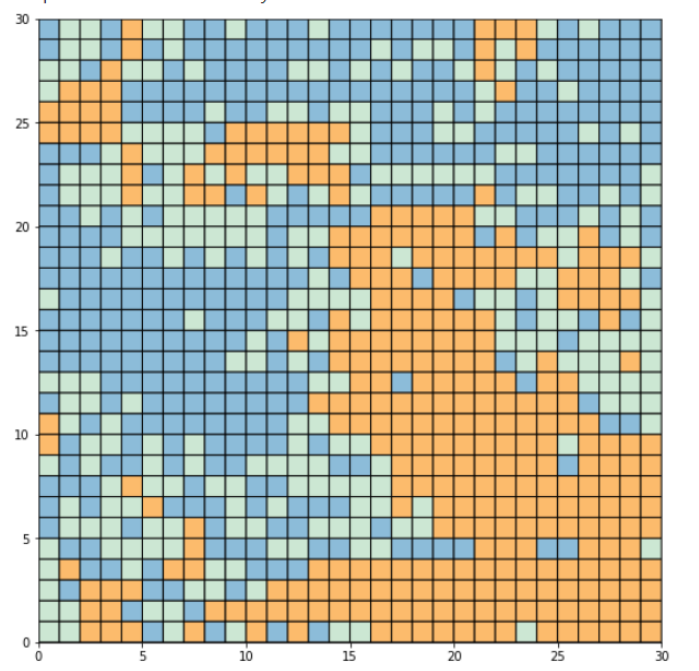
Suitability categories: low (1), medium (2), high (3)	3	2	3
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Suitability categories: low (1), medium (2), high (3)

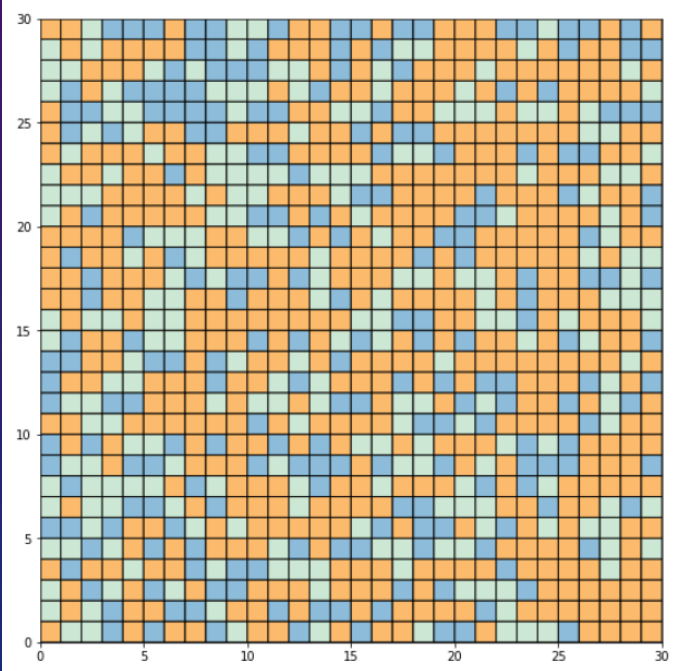
$$Conflict = norm * frequency = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2 + 3^2} * 2 = 9.38$$

OPTIMIZATION RESULTS

- Urban
- Forest
- Agriculture



initial fitness: 20170.6



optimized fitness: 7.0

SUMMARY

Remote sensing offers a novel method for optimizing land use decisions through integration with land use suitability models.

- Land use Discontinuity
 - Additional constraints
- Trial Area Size
 - High Performance Computing (HPC)

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